A proposal to revise
ARTICLE VIII, s. 1, Fla. Const.; authorizing counties to elect county officers in nonpartisan elections; providing procedures.

It is proposed by the Florida Constitution Revision Commission that:

Section 1. Section 1 of Article VIII of the Florida Constitution is revised by amending that section to read:

ARTICLE VIII

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

SECTION 1. Counties.--

(a) POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS. The state shall be divided by law into political subdivisions called counties. Counties may be created, abolished or changed by law, with provision for payment or apportionment of the public debt.

(b) COUNTY FUNDS. The care, custody and method of disbursing county funds shall be provided by general law.

(c) GOVERNMENT. Pursuant to general or special law, a county government may be established by charter which shall be adopted, amended or repealed only upon vote of the electors of the county in a special election called for that purpose.

(d) COUNTY OFFICERS.

(1) There shall be elected by the electors of each county, for terms of four years, a sheriff, a tax collector, a property appraiser, a supervisor of elections, and a clerk of the circuit court; except, when provided by county charter or special law approved by vote of the electors of the county, any county officer may be chosen in another manner therein specified, or any county office may be abolished when all the

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.
1 duties of the office prescribed by general law are transferred
to another office. When not otherwise provided by county
3 charter or special law approved by vote of the electors, the
4 clerk of the circuit court shall be ex officio clerk of the
5 board of county commissioners, auditor, recorder and custodian
6 of all county funds.
7
(2) Any county may exercise the option to elect its
8 county officers in a nonpartisan election by either the filing
9 with the supervisor of elections of a petition signed by the
10 number of electors equal to at least ten percent of the votes
11 cast in the county in the last election in which presidential
12 electors were chosen, or by ordinance approved by the board of
13 county commissioners.
14
(e) COMMISSIONERS. Except when otherwise provided by
15 county charter, the governing body of each county shall be a
16 board of county commissioners composed of five or seven
17 members serving staggered terms of four years. After each
18 decennial census the board of county commissioners shall
19 divide the county into districts of contiguous territory as
20 nearly equal in population as practicable. One commissioner
21 residing in each district shall be elected as provided by law.
22
(f) NON-CHARTER GOVERNMENT. Counties not operating
23 under county charters shall have such power of self-government
24 as is provided by general or special law. The board of county
25 commissioners of a county not operating under a charter may
26 enact, in a manner prescribed by general law, county
27 ordinances not inconsistent with general or special law, but
28 an ordinance in conflict with a municipal ordinance shall not
29 be effective within the municipality to the extent of such
30 conflict.
31
CODING: Words struck are deletions; words underlined are additions.
(g) CHARTER GOVERNMENT. Counties operating under county charters shall have all powers of local self-government not inconsistent with general law, or with special law approved by vote of the electors. The governing body of a county operating under a charter may enact county ordinances not inconsistent with general law. The charter shall provide which shall prevail in the event of conflict between county and municipal ordinances.

(h) TAXES; LIMITATION. Property situate within municipalities shall not be subject to taxation for services rendered by the county exclusively for the benefit of the property or residents in unincorporated areas.

(i) COUNTY ORDINANCES. Each county ordinance shall be filed with the secretary of state and shall become effective at such time thereafter as is provided by general law.

(j) VIOLATION OF ORDINANCES. Persons violating county ordinances shall be prosecuted and punished as provided by law.

(k) COUNTY SEAT. In every county there shall be a county seat at which shall be located the principal offices and permanent records of all county officers. The county seat may not be moved except as provided by general law. Branch offices for the conduct of county business may be established elsewhere in the county by resolution of the governing body of the county in the manner prescribed by law. No instrument shall be deemed recorded in the county until filed at the county seat according to law.